Shell	Omal	a S2	GX '	150

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Shell Omala S2 GX 150
Product code	:	001F1174

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Gear lubricant.
Uses advised against	:	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	 Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom
Telephone Telefax Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	 : (+44) 08007318888 : : If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (E	EC)	No 1272/2008)
Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	:	No signal word
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria.

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Precautionary statements	: Prevention: Response: Storage: Disposal:	criteria. ENVIRONMENTA	health hazard under CLP L HAZARDS: nvironmental hazard criteria. ohrases. ohrases.

Safety data sheet available on request.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature	:	Highly refined mineral oils and additives.
		The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-
		extract, according to IP346.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measu	ires	
General advice		Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Protection of first-aiders		When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
If inhaled		No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

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In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush	
	water and follow by washing with soa If persistent irritation occurs, obtain m	
In case of eye contact	: Flush eye with copious quantities of Remove contact lenses, if present an rinsing.	d easy to do. Continue
	If persistent irritation occurs, obtain n	nedical attention.
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary are swallowed, however, get medical	e 1
4.2 Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed	
Symptoms	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptor of black pustules and spots on the sk Ingestion may result in nausea, vomi	in of exposed areas.
4.3 Indication of any immediat	e medical attention and special treatment	needed
Treatment	: Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.	

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishi	ng media :	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguis media	shing :	Do not use water in a jet.
5.2 Special hazards ari	sing from the	substance or mixture
Specific hazards du firefighting	iring :	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
5.3 Advice for firefighte	ers	
Special protective e for firefighters	equipment :	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).
Specific extinguishi methods	ng :	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	6.1.2 For emergency responders:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	: Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth
	or other containment material.
	Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent.
	Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other
	suitable material and dispose of properly.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions	 Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.
When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be
worn and proper handling equipment should be used.

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	Properly dispose of any contaminate materials in order to prevent fires.	ed rags or cleaning	
Product Transfer		Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used	
7.2 Conditions for safe stora	ge, including any incompatibilities		
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in place. Use properly labeled and clos		
	Store at ambient temperature.	Store at ambient temperature.	
	Refer to section 15 for any additiona covering the packaging and storage		
	The storage of this product may be s Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Re guidance may be obtained from the agency office.	gulations. Further	
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or on steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	container linings, use mild	
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not the temperatures because of possible rise		
7.3 Specific end use(s)			
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable		

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general

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workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

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Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measuresThe level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection	:	If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes,
		protective eyewear is recommended.
		Approved to EU Standard EN166.

Hand protection

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ersion 1.2	Revision Date 09.08.2017	Print Date 10.08.201
Remarks	gloves approved to relevan US: F739) made from the fe suitable chemical protection gloves Suitability and durat usage, e.g. frequency and resistance of glove materia from glove suppliers. Conta replaced. Personal hygiene care. Gloves must only be gloves, hands should be wa	te product may occur the use of t standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ollowing materials may provide n. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber bility of a glove is dependent on duration of contact, chemical I, dexterity. Always seek advice aminated gloves should be e is a key element of effective hand worn on clean hands. After using ashed and dried thoroughly. ned moisturizer is recommended.
	for > 480 minutes where su short-term/splash protection recognize that suitable glow may not be available and in time maybe acceptable so and replacement regimes a a good predictor of glove re dependent on the exact con	than 240 minutes with preference itable gloves can be identified. For n we recommend the same, but ves offering this level of protection n this case a lower breakthrough long as appropriate maintenance are followed. Glove thickness is not esistance to a chemical as it is mposition of the glove material. typically greater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordina work clothes. It is good practice to wear o	arily required beyond standard chemical resistant gloves.
Respiratory protection	conditions of use. In accordance with good in precautions should be take If engineering controls do n concentrations to a level with health, select respiratory pri specific conditions of use a Check with respiratory prot Where air-filtering respirator appropriate combination of Select a filter suitable for co	n to avoid breathing of material. not maintain airborne hich is adequate to protect worker rotection equipment suitable for the nd meeting relevant legislation. ective equipment suppliers. ors are suitable, select an mask and filter. ombined particulate/organic gases P boiling point > 65°C (149°F)]
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product sh	ould be reduced as low as

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	~ 1	reasonably practicable. Reference should be made to the Health and Safety Executive's publication "COSHH Essentials".	
Environmental exposu	re controls		
General advice	 Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour. 		

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid at room temperature.	
Colour	: brown	
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рН	: Not applicable	
pour point	: -24 °CMethod: ISO 3016	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °Cestimated value(s)	
Flash point	: Typical 240 °C Method: ISO 2592	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas)	Data not availableData not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas) Upper explosion limit	: Data not available : Typical 10 %(V)	
Flammability (solid, gas) Upper explosion limit Lower explosion limit	 Data not available Typical 10 %(V) Typical 1 %(V) < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) 	

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Density	:	897 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)			
Water solubility	:	negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Pow: > 6(based on information on simila	r products)
Auto-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C	
Viscosity			
Viscosity, dynamic	:	Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	:	150 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: ISO 3104	
		15 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ISO 3104	
Explosive properties	:	Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	:	Data not available	
9.2 Other information			
Conductivity	:	This material is not expected to be a sta	tic accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	:	Data not available	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

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10.4 Conditions to avoid			
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct su	nlight.	
10.5 Incompatible materials			
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.		
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products			
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are during normal storage.	e not expected to form	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

P	roduct:	

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

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Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

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Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	for this Inform and th Unless repres individ	kicological data have not been determined specifically s product. ation given is based on a knowledge of the components e ecotoxicology of similar products. s indicated otherwise, the data presented is entative of the product as a whole, rather than for ual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the al amount of product required to prepare aqueous test t).
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)		rks: Expected to be practically non toxic: /IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)		rks: Expected to be practically non toxic: /IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)		rks: Expected to be practically non toxic: /IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic	Rema	rks: Data not available

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(Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
12.2 Persistence and degradability	,	
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readily constituents are expected to be inher contains components that may persis	ently biodegradable, but
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with bioaccumulate.	the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on informa	tion on similar products)
12.4 Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	 Remarks: Liquid under most environr enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particl mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. 	
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB asso	essment	
Product:		
Assessment	: This mixture does not contain any RE substances that are assessed to be a	
12.6 Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Product is a mixture of non-volatile conserved to be released to air in any Not expected to have ozone depletion photochemical ozone creation potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause porganisms. Mineral oil is not expected to cause a aquatic organisms at concentrations in the second sec	significant quantities., n potential, ial or global warming hysical fouling of aquatic ny chronic effects to

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses 	
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.	
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferab to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.	
Local legislation Waste catalogue	:	
	EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):	
	EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):	
Waste Code	:	
	13 02 05*	
	13 02 05	
Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.	
	Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the enuser.	d
	Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the enuser.	d

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good

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RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.2 Proper shipping name		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.3 Transport hazard class		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.4 Packing group		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.5 Environmental hazards		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.6 Special precautions for us	er	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter	7, Handling & Storage,
	for special precautions which a user nee	eds to be aware of or
	needs to comply with in connection with	rtransport.
14.7 Transport in bulk accordin	g to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IB0	C Code
Pollution category	: Not applicable	
Ship type	: Not applicable	
Product name	: Not applicable	
Special precautions	: Not applicable	
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk s	shipments by sea.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

REACH - List of substances s (Annex XIV)	ubject to authorisation : P	Decific for the substance or mixture Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.
Volatile organic compounds	: 0%	
Other regulations		t 1990 (as amended). Health and Consumers Protection Act 1987.
15 / 18		800001029884

GB

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	Pollution Prevention and Control Ac 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carri and Use of Transportable Pressure Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Haza Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2 Substances Hazardous to Health Re amended). Merchant Shipping (Dan Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Repo and Dangerous Occurrences Regula Personal Protective Equipment Reg Protective Equipment at Work Regula Control of Major Accident Hazards F amended). Renewable Transport Fu (as amended). Energy Act 2011. En (England and Wales) Regulations 2 (England and Wales) Regulations 2 Planning (Hazardous Substances) A regulations. The Environmental Prot Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regu	iage of Dangerous Goods Equipment (Amendment) and Information and 2009. Control of egulations 2002 (as agerous Goods and Marine rting of Injuries, Diseases ations 1995 (as amended). julations 2002. Personal ilations 1992. Hazardous itions 2005(as amended). Regulations 1999 (as uel Obligations Order 2007 ovironmental Permitting 010 (as amended). Waste 011 (as amended). Act 1990 and associated tection (Controls on

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and Acronyms	: The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.	
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup	

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Regulation 1907/2006/EC Shell Omala S2 GX 150

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	DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normun	a			
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Leve				
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level				
	DSL = Canada Domestic Substance	List			
	EC = European Commission				
	EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty				
	ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and				
	Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency				
	EINECS = The European Inventory of				
	Chemical Substances	3			
	EL50 = Effective Loading fifty				
	ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and				
	Labelling of Chemicals				
	IARC = International Agency for Res	earch on Cancer			
	IATA = International Air Transport As				
	IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty				
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty				
	IMDG = International Maritime Dang	erous Goods			
	INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory				
	IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test i	method N° 346 for the			
	determination of polycyclic aromatics	s DMSO-extractables			
	KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals In	ventory			
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty				
	LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.				
	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective L	_oading/Inhibitory loading			
	LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty				
	MARPOL = International Convention	for the Prevention of			
	Pollution From Ships				
	NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect	Concentration / No			
	Observed Effect Level				
	OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure -				
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative a				
	PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Che	micals and Chemical			
	Substances	tration			
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concer				
	REACH = Registration Evaluation Ar	nd Authorisation Of			
	Chemicals	ational Carriage of			
	RID = Regulations Relating to Interna	ational Carriage of			
	Dangerous Goods by Rail				
	SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit				
	TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Contr				
	TWA = Time-Weighted Average	accumulativo			
	vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioa				

Further information

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Training advice

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	Provide adequate information, instruction operators.	ction and training for
Other information	: No Exposure Scenario annex is attached to this safety data sheet. It is a non-classified mixture containing hazardous substances as detailed in Section 3; relevant information from Exposure Scenarios for the hazardous substances contained have been integrated into the core sections 1-16 of this SDS. Under Article 31 of REACH, a SDS is not required for this product. Therefore, this SDS has been created on a voluntary basis to pass on potentially relevant information required under Article 32.	
	A vertical bar () in the left margin ind from the previous version.	icates an amendment
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	
	The quoted data are from, but not lim sources of information (e.g. toxicolog Health Services, material suppliers' c IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation	jical data from Shell data, CONCAWE, EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.